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A: I've found that changing the target to Any CPU fixes the problem, as it seems to be a 32-bit or 64-bit issue. I was not able to find any issue with my code, so I was unable to pinpoint the problem. Q: create a custom django message template I'm working with Django 1.6 I have a template messages.html and a messages.py file. In messages.html I want to do a simple if statement. If a field value is false I want it to print something like: {{ message }} Is there a simple way to do this? I'm thinking about creating a variable and replacing {{ message }} but I'm not sure how to do that or if that's the best approach. Thanks! A: There's no way to do it directly in the template - this functionality is for the views. The views simply don't have access to the context outside the template. If you use Django's built-in messages framework then you could override the messages template and do

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something like: `def index(request): ... # Message to be rendered`  
`message = get_message('my_messages', True, False, request.session['my_session_var']) ... return`  
`render_to_response(template_name, {'message': message})`  
In which case you can access the message context variable. In another case you might do it using the TastyPie framework instead: `from tasty import tasty from tastypie.exceptions import ResourceConflict from tastypie.fields import ReadOnlyField class MessagesResource(ModelResource): email = ReadOnlyField() class Meta: resource_name = 'messages' queryset = Messages.objects.all() # don't write authentication and authorizations, # they are automatically handled by Tastypie`  
`def render_email(self, request, object_list, **kwargs): ... # Message to be rendered`  
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